Updated: June 4, 2010

U.S. Coast Guard's National Pollution Fund Center (NPFC) Claims Process

Questions for the NPFC:

1-800-280-7118 www.uscg.mil/npfc/claims

To submit a claim:

US COAST GUARD STOP 7100 (ca) 4200 Wilson Boulevard, Suite 1000 Arlington, Virginia 20598-7100

- NPFC administers the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund, which is governed by the Oil Pollution Act of 1990.
- Before filing a claim with NPFC, individuals, businesses, and local governments must first file a claim with BP as the Responsible Party. States may choose to file claims directly with NPFC.
- If BP denies the claim OR the claim goes unsettled for 90 days, claimants may then apply to the NPFC. Parties will not be able to file a claim with the NPFC without first applying to BP.
- Types of claims available under the NPFC:
 - Real and personal property damage: damage or economic loss related to the destruction or harm of real or personal property. Example: the owner or leaser of a boat may submit a claim to have the boat cleaned.
 - Loss of profits and earning capacity: due to the injury or loss of real property, personal
 property, or natural resources. Example: Shrimpers who cannot operate due to the closed Gulf
 waters; seafood producers and packers; businesses affected by the reduced tourism such as
 hotels, restaurants, charter tours.
 - O Loss of Government Revenue or Increased Public Services: State and local governments may apply for loss of taxes or other revenue due to injury or destruction of loss of real property, personal property, or natural resources. Example: city parking revenue from a lot near a public beach that has been closed due to the spill. Governments may also apply for providing increased public services directly attributed to the oil spill. Example: emergency traffic control in the vicinity of the incident.
 - <u>Natural Resources:</u> ONLY Federal, State, foreign and Indian tribal governments may apply for damage or loss of natural resources including <u>land</u>, <u>fish</u>, <u>drinking water</u>, <u>and air</u>.
- Any claimant that can document a loss may file a claim, but claims are not guaranteed to be paid.
- Damage claims must be made with in 3 years of when "the damage and its connection with the spill was reasonably discoverable with the exercise of due care" (NPFC Claimant's Guide, Page 6).
- Removal costs must be made with in 6 years "after the date of competition of all removal actions for the incident" (NPFC Claimant's Guide, Page 6).
- **Adjudication Process**: Once NPFC sends a claimant a determination, the claimant must accept or reject the offer with in 60 days:
 - o If the claimant accepts, they must sign a release.
 - o If no action is taken within 60 days, the offer to pay will be voided and the claim closed.
 - o If the claimant rejects the offer, they may provide additional information and ask NPFC to reconsider the claim. This may start an entirely new review process.

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